

**1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

<b>Course title:</b>	Calculus II
<b>Unit in charge</b>	Faculty of Mathematics and Informatics
<b>Course ID:</b>	MI1121E
<b>Course Units:</b>	3(2-2-0-6)
	- Lecture: 30 hours
	- Seminar: 30 hours
<b>Previous module:</b>	MI1111E Calculus I
<b>Prerequisites:</b>	MI1111E Calculus I
<b>Companion module:</b>	MI1131E Calculus III

**2. DESCRIPTION**

This course provides some applications of differential calculus in geometry, the basic ideas and techniques of parameter-dependent integrals, double integrals and triple integrals, line integrals of scalar fields and vector fields, surface integrals of scalar fields and vector fields, and vector fields.

**3. OBJECTIVES AND EXPECTED OUTCOMES**

Students who complete this module have the abilities to:

<b>Objectives</b>	<b>Objectives description/Expected Outcomes</b>	<b>Outcome standard allocated for modules/ Levels (I/T/U)</b>
<b>[1]</b>	<b>[2]</b>	<b>[3]</b>
<b>M1</b>	<b>Master the basic knowledge of Caculus II and apply in practice to solve related exercises</b>	
M1.1	Master the basic concepts such as: double integrals, triple integrals, line integrals, surface integrals, vector fields as well as applications of differential calculus	I/T
M1.2	Be able to apply the knowledge to solve exercises	T/U
<b>M2</b>	<b>Achieve serious attitude and necessary skills for highly effective work</b>	
M2.1	Be skilled at analyzing and solving problems with strong logical thinking; working independently and staying focused	T/U
M2.2	Identify some practical problems that can be solved by using tools of calculus.	I/T/U
M2.3	Gain serious working attitude, proactive creativity, adaptation to highly competitive working environment	I/T

## 4. COURSE MATERIALS

### Textbooks

- [1] James Stewart (2016). *Calculus: Concepts and Contexts, eighth edition*. Thomson, Brooks/Cole Publishing Company
- [2] Nguyễn Đình Trí, Trần Việt Dũng, Trần Xuân Hiền, Nguyễn Xuân Thảo (2015). *Toán học cao cấp tập 2*. NXB Giáo dục.

### References

- [1] Trần Bình (2005). *Giải tích II*. NXB Khoa học và Kỹ thuật.
- [2] Nguyễn Đình Trí, Trần Việt Dũng, Trần Xuân Hiền, Nguyễn Xuân Thảo (2017). *Bài tập Toán học cao cấp tập 2*. NXB Giáo dục.
- [3] Trần Thị Kim Oanh, Phan Xuân Thành, Lê Chí Ngọc, Nguyễn Thị Thu Hương, *Giải tích II: Hàm số nhiều biến số (bài giảng dành cho sinh viên các trường kỹ thuật)*, NXB Bách Khoa Hà Nội, 2022.
- [4] Khoa Toán – Tin (2023), *Slides bài giảng Giải tích 2* (tài liệu lưu hành nội bộ).

## 5. ASSESSMENT

Components	Evaluation method	Description	Rated outcome standards	Proportion
[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
<b>A1. Attendance point</b>	Learning attitude and attendance of the students during the course	Learning attitude of the students		<b>20%</b>
<b>A2. Periodic test mark (*)</b>	<b>A2.1. 1<sup>st</sup> periodic test</b> (KT1 mark, 15 scale) (Content: From the 1 <sup>st</sup> week to the 5 <sup>th</sup> week)	Quizzes	M1.1, M1.2, M2.1, M2.2, M2.3	<b>30%</b>
	<b>A2.2. 2<sup>nd</sup> periodic test</b> (KT2 mark, 15 scale) (Content: From the 6 <sup>th</sup> week to the 10 <sup>th</sup> week)			
<b>A3. Final exam mark</b>	<b>Final exam</b>	Essay	M1.1, M1.2, M2.1, M2.2, M2.3	<b>50%</b>

(\*) Periodic test mark (DKTDK) is calculated according to the formula  $DKTDK = 1/3(KT1+KT2)$  and will be adjusted by adding points for the performance of students during the course which vary from  $-1$  to  $+1$  according to the Rule of Faculty of Mathematics and Informatics accompanied with the Regulations of Higher Education of Hanoi University of Science and Technology.

## 6. COURSE PLAN

Week	Topics	Objective	Activities	Exercises
[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
1	<p><b>Chapter 1: Applications of differential calculus in geometry</b></p> <p>1.1. Applications in plane geometry</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Normal vector and equations for tangent lines and normal lines of a curve at a point.</li> <li>- Curvature: mean curvature, curvature at a point, formula of curvature at a point (no proof) and examples.</li> <li>- Envelope of a family of parametric curves: definition, formula, examples.</li> </ul> <p>1.2. Applications in spatial geometry</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Vector functions, derivative of vector functions (<math>\vec{r}(t) = x(t)\vec{i} + y(t)\vec{j} + z(t)\vec{k}</math>) and properties.</li> </ul>	<p>M1.1</p> <p>M1.2</p> <p>M2.1</p> <p>M2.2</p> <p>M2.3</p>	<p>Lecturer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Self-introduce</li> <li>- Introduce the course outline</li> <li>- Explain teaching and learning methods; and forms of subject assessment</li> <li>- Lecture, exchange questions and answers with students during the lecture</li> </ul> <p>Student:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Read in advance the next lesson <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Master the basic concepts and apply to solve exercises according to the content and progress of the subject</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	A1, A2.1, A3
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Curves: equations of tangent lines and normal planes at a point of curves, curvature at a point of curves (formulas).</li> <li>- Surfaces: equations of tangent planes and normal lines at a point of surfaces (formulas).</li> </ul> <p><b>Chapter 2. Multiple integrals</b></p> <p>2.1. Double integrals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Definition, geometric meaning, properties.</li> <li>- Calculations of double integrals in the Cartesian coordinate system.</li> </ul>	<p>M1.1</p> <p>M1.2</p> <p>M2.1</p> <p>M2.2</p> <p>M2.3</p>	<p>Lecturer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Lecture, exchange questions and answers with students during the lecture</li> </ul> <p>Student:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Read in advance the next lesson <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Master the basic concepts</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	A1, A2.1, A3
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Change of variables in double</li> </ul>	M1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Master the basic concepts</li> </ul>	A1, A2.1,

Week	Topics	Objective	Activities	Exercises
[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	integrals: general change of variables formula, change of variables in polar coordinate system.	M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3	and apply to solve exercises according to the content and progress of the subject	A3
4	- Applications of double integrals: Calculate the volume of an object, the area of a plane domain, the area of a surface (formulas and examples). 2.2. Triple integrals - Definition, geometric meaning, properties.	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3		A1, A2.1, A3
5	- Calculations of triple integrals in the Cartesian coordinate system. - Change of variables in triple integrals: general change of variables formula, change of variables in cylindrical coordinate system, change of variables in spherical coordinate system.	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3		A1, A2.1, A3
6	- Applications: Calculate the volume of an object. <b>Chapter 3. Parameter Dependent Integrals</b> 3.1. Definite Integrals depending on parameters - Definition - Theorems on continuity.	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3		A1, A2.2, A3
7	- Theorems on differentiation under integral sign, integration under integral sign. 3.2. Improper Integrals depending on parameters - Definition - Uniform convergence, Weierstrass theorem.	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3		A1, A2.2, A3
8	- Properties: continuity, differentiation under integral sign, integration under integral sign. 3.3. Euler's integrals - Introduce Gamma function ( $\Gamma(p)$ ) and properties: definiteness, continuity, infinite differentiability.	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3		A1, A2.2, A3

Week	Topics	Objective	Activities	Exercises
[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	$\Gamma(p+1) = p\Gamma(p) \quad \forall p > 0,$ $\Gamma(p)\Gamma(1-p) = \frac{\pi}{\sin(p\pi)} \quad (0 < p < 1)$ (no proof). - Beta function: Introduce Beta function $(B(p, q))$ with its two types and properties (no proof): symmetry. $B(p, q) = \frac{p}{p+q-1} B(p, q-1),$ $B(p, q) = \frac{\Gamma(p)\Gamma(q)}{\Gamma(p+q)}.$			
9	<b>Chapter 4. Line Integrals</b> 4.1. Line integrals of scalar fields - Definition - Calculation 4.2. Line integrals of vector fields - Definition, physical meaning. - Properties	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3	- Lecture, exchange questions and answers with students during the lecture Student:	A1, A2.2, A3
10	- Relation of line integrals of scalar fields and line integrals of vector fields. - Calculation - Green's Theorem (proof for the case of a simple region).	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3	- Read in advance the next lesson - Master the basic concepts and apply to solve exercises according to the content and progress of the subject	A1, A2.2, A3
11	- Path independence of line integrals (no proof); find a function $u(x, y)$ such that $du = Pdx + Qdy$ . <b>Chapter 5. Surface integrals</b> 5.1 Surface integrals of scalar fields - Definition - Calculation	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3		A1, A3
12	5.2 Surface integrals of vector fields - Definition, properties. - Relation of surface integrals of scalar fields and surface integrals of vector fields. - Calculation	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3		A1, A3
13	- Ostrogradsky's Theorem, Stoke's Theorem (no proof). <b>Chapter 6. Field Theory</b> 6.1 Scalar Fields	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2		A1, A3

Week	Topics	Objective	Activities	Exercises
[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	- Notions of scalar fields and level surfaces. - Directional derivative: Definition, Theorem on relation between directional derivative and partial derivative.	M2.3		
14	- Gradient: Definition of vector $\text{grad}u$ and theorem $\frac{\partial u}{\partial \ell} = \text{ch}_{\vec{\ell}} \text{grad}u$ (no proof) and properties. 6.2 Vector Fields - Notions of vector fields and flow lines, system of differential equations of flow lines. - The flux, div, incompressible fields: the flux of a vector field across oriented surface $S$ , div (divergence), properties, incompressible fields, source (point), sink (point).	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3		A1, A3
15	- Circulation and curl vector: the circulation of a vector field around an oriented closed curve, curl vector, curly point. - Conservative vector fields: notions of conservative vector fields $\vec{F}$ , the potential function for $\vec{F}$ , conditions for a vector field to be conservative, conditions for an expression to be the total differential, path independence of spatial line integrals.	M1.1 M1.2 M2.1 M2.2 M2.3		A1, A3
16	<b>Summary</b>			A1, A3

## 7. RULES OF THE MODULE

(Regulations of the course if any)

8. DATE OF APPROVAL: .....

Faculty of Mathematics and Informatics